Core Practice Audit

Excerpts from Sample Report

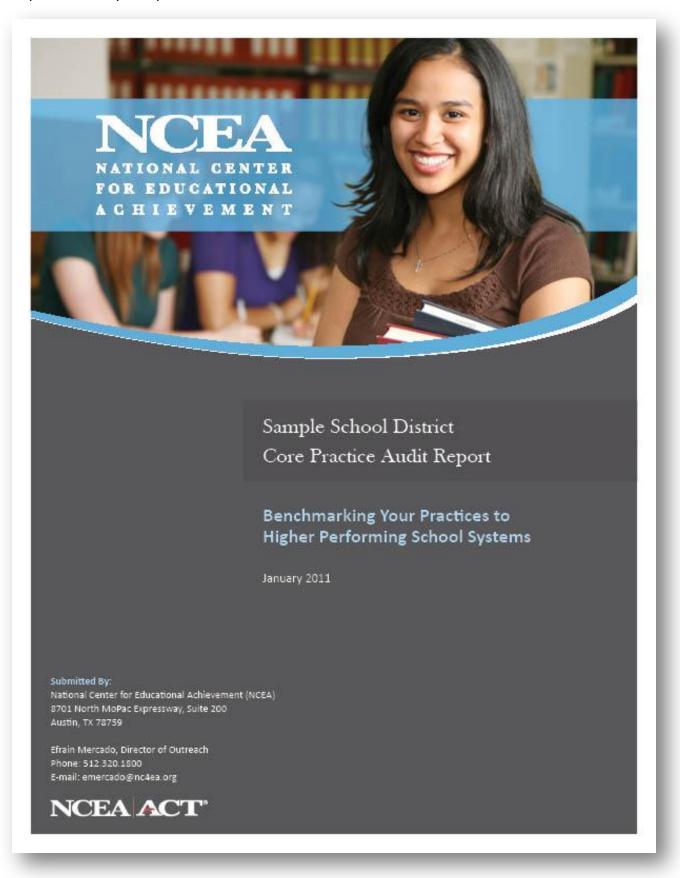


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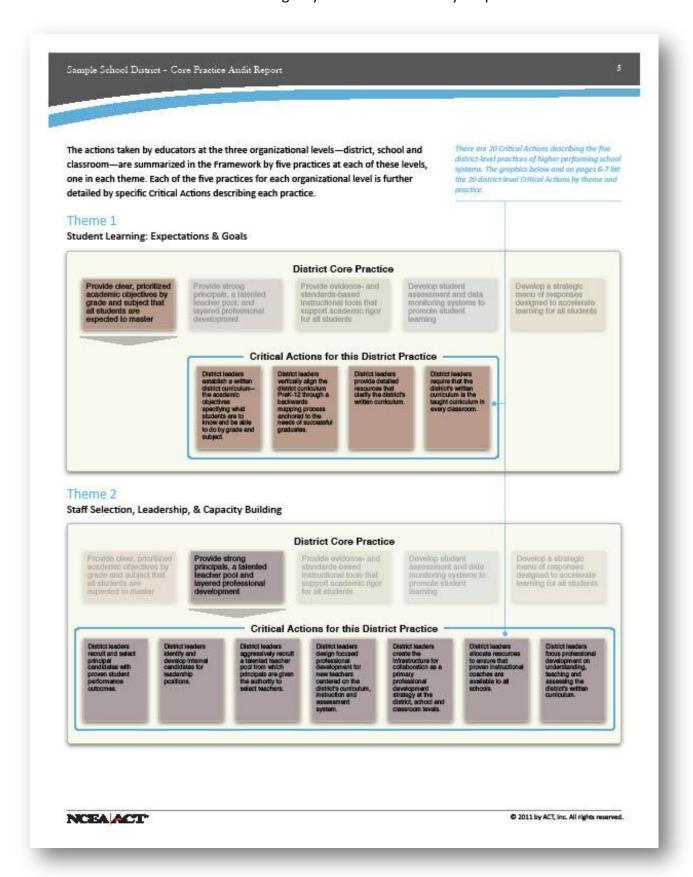
Using Research and Data to Guide Improvement

The Core Practice Audit provides you with a review of your district practices against the practice of consistently higher performing schools and school systems as found in the Core Practice Framework.



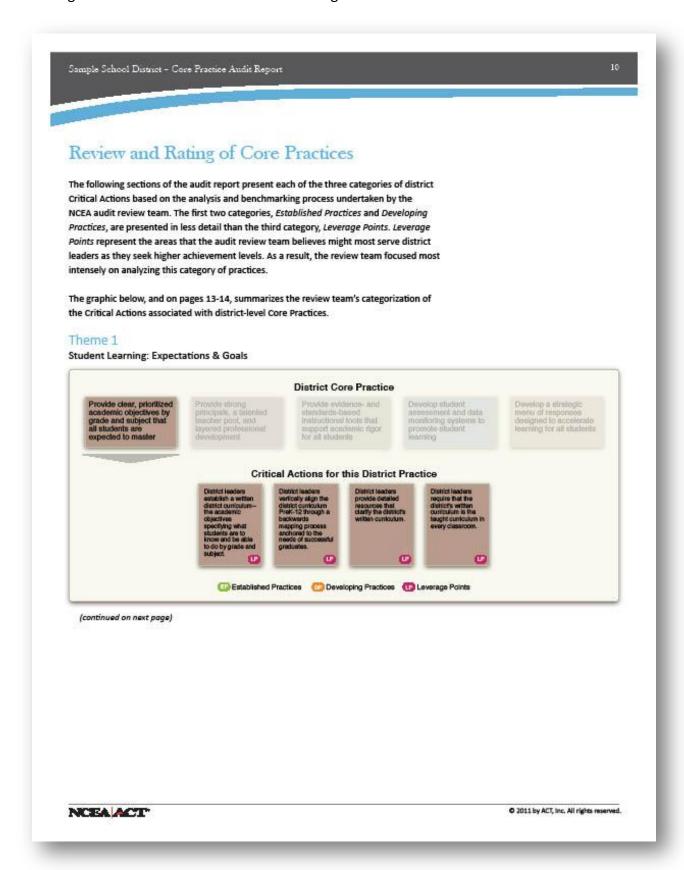
Understanding How Your School System Works

We dive into each critical action, the key steps that ensure each core practice is implemented successfully, at the district-level across all five themes to give you a holistic view of your practices.



Developing a Deep Understanding of Your Practices

We categorize and rank each critical action during Core Practice Audit Process.

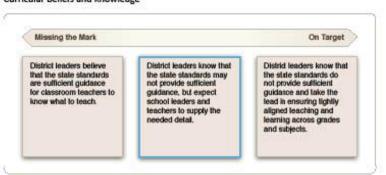


Rubric #1 Curricular Beliefs and Knowledge



Findings: The district administrative team discussed the need to push the rigor of the curriculum down into the elementary level with the introduction of the national Common Core Standards. In nearly all interviews, educators discussed the demographics of the community and challenges faced by their students, but no one mentioned the impact that an aligned PreK-12 curriculum can have on leveling the playing field for students from varied backgrounds.

Rubric #2
Curricular Beliefs and Knowledge



Findings: District and school leaders clearly communicated that teachers in the district were well-versed in the New Hampshire state standards, the Grade-Level Expectations (GLEs) and Grade-Span Expectations (GSEs). This familiarity was confirmed by teacher focus groups at each school, as they all referred to the GLEs and GSEs when asked how they knew what they were to teach. In addition, secondary teachers were aware of the coming national Common Core Standards. Although orchestrated at the district level, work is underway by middle school and high school teachers to align their expectations and translate their unit plans into an Understanding by Design (UbD) format. Elementary teachers are similarly working on developing more detailed curriculum materials in writing and science (although the work is taking a different form). When reviewing the documentation submitted to illustrate the district's written curriculum, reviewers

Providing You with a Step-by-step Road Map to Excellence

The final audit report contains research-based next-step recommendations on how to begin improving your district practices and aligning them to the practice of higher performing school systems.

Sample School District - Core Practice Audit Report encountered multiple different formats, different language, and different content among all of the materials provided for various grades and subjects. Although standards and competencies were woven throughout most documents, it was actually difficult to discern if any overarching structure guided the subject and grade-level work. The reviewers' conclusion was that it did not. District leaders are providing the forum for these curriculum meetings to occur, but the overarching curriculum framework that would help ensure alignment of these efforts is not yet occurring at the district level. Recommendation #1 Critical Action District leaders establish a written district curriculum—the academic objectives specifying what students are to know and be able to do by grade and subject. . Develop a tightly aligned PreK-12 written curriculum outlining the knowledge and skills students will master by grade and subject. Teachers and leaders are doing a lot in WRSD. One of the auditors' primary concerns, however, is that all of the various efforts-particularly related to curricular work-are not guided by a highly intentional, well-defined process. For example, reviewers were unable to access one central document for any subject area that showed exactly what was to be taught and learned at each grade level (e.g., PreK-12 WRSD Math Curriculum). While various resources and materials at a given grade (e.g., Grade 4) included references to standards (primarily state standards), those standards were never seen within the context of the full PreK-12 continuum. Understand that the state standards do not provide the structure referenced above. The state standards must be clarified across grades¹ and subjects so that every teacher in the district knows exactly what to teach and to what level if students are to be able to access rigorous coursework in high school and be college and career ready upon graduation. The district's written curriculum must become the sense maker, thereafter, for every instructional decision in the district. This type of curricular coherence can never be achieved by teachers working independently at different grade levels. Define the system by which curriculum for every grade and subject will be developed, reviewed, and revised. This structure should provide for continuous improvement of the written curriculum, rather than cyclical reviews. In many higher performing districts, vertical teams of teachers from across the district spend summer months on this work. Understanding that curriculum development requires particular skills; district leaders ensure these teachers are trained in these skills. Teams may meet monthly throughout the school year to monitor how well the curriculum is being implemented and what impediments teachers may be encountering. Monthly monitoring typically defines the work to be done the

following summer. Currently, neither district nor school leaders could provide any formal documented process for curriculum development, review, or revision. In

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